UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Northern District of California

	Apple Inc.)	
Plaintiff)	
V,) Civil Action No. 3	:15-cv-00154
Telefonaktieb	olaget LM Ericsson, Inc. et al.)	
	Defendant)	
S	SUBPOENA TO PRODUCE DOCUM OR TO PERMIT INSPECTION		
То:	The Internet Engineering Task Force, c/o The Internet Society 1775 Wiehle Avenue, Suite 201, Reston, VA 20190		
	(Name of person to	whom this subpoena is directed)	
material:	nically stored information, or objects, a e Attachment A	ша то регипт інѕресцон, сор	ying, testing, or sampling of the
Place: WilmerHale		Date and Time:	
1875 Pennsylvania Avenue NW Washington, DC 20006		08/28/2015 10:00 am	
other property posse	of Premises: YOU ARE COMMAND essed or controlled by you at the time, re, survey, photograph, test, or sample	date, and location set forth b	elow, so that the requesting party
Rule 45(d), relating	ing provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are to your protection as a person subject poena and the potential consequences of 15	to a subpoena; and Rule 45(
	CLERK OF COURT		
		OR	
			/s/ Anne Lee
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy C	lerk	Attorney's signature
	e-mail address, and telephone number h Street, Suite 1660, Denver, CO 8020	, who issues	or requests this subpoena, are:
- 1110 200, 1220 1710			
	Notice to the person who is	sues or requests this subp	oena

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things or the inspection of premises before trial, a notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

Civil Action No. 3:15-cv-00154

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

I received this su	bpoena for (name of individual and title, if a	ny)	
on (date)			
☐ I served the su	abpoena by delivering a copy to the nar	ned person as follows:	
		on (date) ;	or
☐ I returned the	subpoena unexecuted because:		
tendered to the w		States, or one of its officers or agents, I e, and the mileage allowed by law, in the	
\$	· · · · · ·		
My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00
I declare under pe	enalty of perjury that this information i	s true.	
Date:			
		Server's signature	
		Printed name and title	
		Server's address	

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

(c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person

(i) is a party or a party's officer; or

- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.
- (2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:
- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
 - (B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpocna a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or

(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or

(ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.

(C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:

(i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and

(ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.

(C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

(D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must;
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and

(ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.

(B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

ATTACHMENT A

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. This subpoena requires IETF to produce all responsive documents in its actual or constructive possession, custody, or control.
- 2. If multiple copies of a document exist, please produce every copy with notations or markings of any sort that do not appear on other copies.
- 3. Please produce the documents as they are kept in the usual course of business, organized and labeled to correspond with the categories in this subpoena.
- 4. This subpoena includes documents that exist in electronic form (including, without limitation, electronic mail, Microsoft Word or other word processing documents, and Portable Document Format (PDF) documents, stored on any type of storage device, including flash memory devices, hard drives, back-up tapes, magnetic tapes and diskettes).

DEFINITIONS

The following definitions shall apply throughout this subpoena, regardless of whether upper or lower case letters are used:

- 1. The terms "IETF," "You," and "Your" shall mean The Internet Engineering Task
 Force, and all its corporate locations, predecessors, predecessors-in-interest, subsidiaries, parents,
 and affiliates, and all past or present directors, officers, agents, representatives, employees,
 consultants, attorneys, entities acting in joint venture, licensing agreements, or partnership
 relationships with IETF and others acting on behalf of IETF.
- 2. "Document" is synonymous in meaning and equal in scope to the usage of this term in Fed. R. Civ. P. 34(a) and includes, without limitation, any written, printed, typed, electronic, photostated, photographed, recorded, or otherwise reproduced communication or representation. A draft or non-identical copy is a separate document within the meaning of this term.

- 3. "Relating to" means, without limitation, referring to, having any relationship to, pertaining to, reflecting, evidencing, involving, describing, or constituting, whether directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, the subject matter of the particular request.
- 4. The words "and" and "or" shall be construed conjunctively or disjunctively, whichever makes this subpoena more inclusive, and "any" shall mean each and every.

DOCUMENTS AND THINGS TO BE PRODUCED

- Documents regarding the factual background and circumstances related to your policies, practices and/or procedures for creating, updating, and making Internet-Drafts and RFCs publicly available.
- 2. Documents regarding the factual background and circumstances related to the ownership and development of RFCs.
- 3. Documents regarding the factual background and circumstances related to the date on which the documents identified below were made publicly available, created, and last updated by the IETF:
 - a. "SSH Transport Layer Protocol" by T. Ylonen et. al., IETF Network Working
 Group, The Internet Society, September 2002, located at
 https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-secsh-userauth-18.
 - b. "Key Derivation for Authentication, Integrity, and Privacy" by Marc Horowitz, IETF Network Working Group, August 1998, located at https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-horowitz-key-derivation-02.
 - c. RFC2246, "The TLS Protocol Version 1.0" by Tim Dierks et. al., IETF Network Working Group, The Internet Society, January 1999, located at https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2246.txt.
- 4. All documents regarding the factual background and circumstances related to your policies, practices and/or procedures for creating, updating, and making the documents identified in 3a-3c publicly available.

1	5.	All documents that confirm that the documents identified in 3a-3c are true and
2	correct cop	pies.
3		TOPICS FOR TESTIMONY
4	1.	The documents produced by IETF in response to this Subpoena.
5	2.	IETF's efforts to gather documents responsive to this Subpoena.
6	3.	The subject matter of the documents listed above.
7	4.	The dates on which the documents identified in 3a-3c were made publicly
8	available b	y the IETF.
9	5.	Your policies, practices, and procedures for making documents available through
10	and updatir	ng documents on the following websites:
11	•	http://www.ietf.org
12	•	http://tools.ietf.org
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8/18/2015 7-11-520

PAY TO THE ORDER OF

The internet engineering task force

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The internet engineering task force

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